

# 2G Energy AG

Germany / Cleantech  
 Primary exchange: Frankfurt  
 Bloomberg: 2GB GR  
 ISIN: DE000A0HL8N9

H1 report

**RATING****PRICE TARGET**

Return Potential

Risk Rating

**BUY****€ 34.00**

36.0%

Medium

## TAKEOVER IS ACCELERATING ENTRY INTO LARGE HEAT PUMPS

In May, 2G made a fundamental strategic decision of great significance and entered the large-scale heat pump market. In addition to the production of CHP plants (gas-based electricity and heat production plants), 2G will also in future manufacture large heat pumps (electricity-based heat production plants). With the acquisition of the Dutch heat pump manufacturer NRGTEQ (approx. 10 employees, turnover approx. €1.5m - €3.0m) in August, 2G is accelerating its entry into this market. In the medium term, 2G wants to achieve similarly high revenues with the sale of heat pumps as with CHP plants. The timing of the entry is favourable, as 2G has sufficient time to integrate the large heat pumps manufactured by NRGTEQ into the 2G production facility in Heek and to set up an industrialised production process there, as has been achieved with CHP plants in recent years. From 2025 onwards, 2G expects demand for large heat pumps to pick up significantly as municipalities start to implement the decarbonisation of municipal heat supply in accordance with the Heat Planning Act passed by the German cabinet. The figures published in the H1 report match reported preliminarily numbers (sales and total output). EBIT surprised positively with a 62% y/y increase to €4.1m. Net profit increased by 50% to €2.7m. Based on the convincing H1 figures and the still high order backlog (€194m), management confirmed guidance for the current year (sales: €310m - €350m, EBIT margin: 65% - 8.5%). We maintain our forecasts for 2023 and confirm our Buy recommendation for the share in view of the improved medium-term growth prospects due to the entry into the large heat pump business. An updated DCF model yields a new price target of €34 (previously: €33).

(p.t.o.)

### FINANCIAL HISTORY & PROJECTIONS

	2020	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
Revenue (€m)	246.73	266.35	312.63	355.00	397.64	443.49
Y-o-y growth	4.4%	8.0%	17.4%	13.6%	12.0%	11.5%
EBIT (€m)	16.43	17.93	21.95	28.33	39.14	44.43
EBIT margin	6.7%	6.7%	7.0%	8.0%	9.8%	10.0%
Net income (€m)	11.97	12.61	16.39	19.04	26.51	30.15
EPS (diluted) (€)	0.68	0.77	0.91	1.06	1.48	1.68
DPS (€)	0.11	0.13	0.14	0.19	0.22	0.24
FCF (€m)	7.07	4.01	-4.39	3.63	15.58	18.63
Net gearing	-7.1%	-15.5%	-6.6%	-6.6%	-13.8%	-20.1%
Liquid assets (€m)	11.03	19.93	13.48	14.60	26.77	41.45

### RISKS

The main risks include regulatory changes, internationalisation, high natural gas prices in combination with low electricity prices.

### COMPANY PROFILE

2G Energy AG is a leading producer of combined heat and power (CHP) plants. The company offers a wide product range of plants with a capacity from 20 kW to 4.5 MW and addresses the natural gas, weak gases, and hydrogen markets. 2G is headquartered in Heek, Germany, and has distribution and service sites in various countries.

### MARKET DATA

As of 12 Sep 2023

Closing Price	€ 25.00
Shares outstanding	17.94m
Market Capitalisation	€ 448.50m
52-week Range	€ 18.52 / 29.65
Avg. Volume (12 Months)	20,462

Multiples	2022	2023E	2024E
P/E	27.4	23.6	16.9
EV/Sales	1.4	1.2	1.1
EV/EBIT	20.2	15.6	11.3
Div. Yield	0.6%	0.8%	0.9%

### STOCK OVERVIEW



### COMPANY DATA

As of 30 Jun 2023

Liquid Assets	€ 11.40m
Current Assets	€ 184.01m
Intangible Assets	€ 5.42m
Total Assets	€ 221.53m
Current Liabilities	€ 89.06m
Shareholders' Equity	€ 108.72m

### SHAREHOLDERS

Christian Grotholt	29.6%
Ludger Gausling	15.5%
Free Float	54.9%



**Strong first half year** 2G increased sales by 19% y/y to €135.5m, thanks in particular to strong growth in the CHP plant business (+27% y/y). Total output rose by 21% y/y due to increased inventories of (nearly) finished CHP plants. EBIT made a strong leap (+62% y/y) and was 21% above our expectation (see figure 1). In addition to economies of scale, this is also due to a further increase in production efficiency. By synchronising assembly and quality processes alongside logistics operations, production was made much more consistent. This even allowed 2G to change the entire assembly from a two-shift system to a single-shift system, freeing employees from the more strenuous late shift and leading to an increase in labour productivity. Net profit increased by 50% to €2.6m.

**Figure 1: Reported figures versus forecasts**

All figures in €m	H1/23A	H1/23E	delta	H1/22A	delta
Sales	135.5	135.5	0%	114.0	19%
Total output	166.3	165.4	1%	137.8	21%
EBIT	4.1	3.4	21%	2.6	62%
EBIT margin	3.0%	2.5%	-	2.2%	-
Net income	2.6	2.1	25%	1.7	50%
Net margin	1.9%	1.5%	-	1.5%	-
EPS diluted (€)	0.15	0.12	25%	0.10	50%

Source: First Berlin Equity Research, 2G Energy AG

**Strong growth in both segments** While the service segment continued its steady growth (+14% y/y), the CHP plant segment in particular showed its best side and grew disproportionately (+27% y/y), as figure 2 illustrates.

**Figure 2: Segment sales**

All figures in €m	H1/23	H1/22	Delta
New Plants	58.7	46.3	27%
Service	76.8	67.7	13%
<b>Total sales</b>	<b>135.5</b>	<b>114.0</b>	<b>19%</b>

Source: First Berlin Equity Research, 2G Energy AG

**Strong growth abroad** While sales in the German market showed only single-digit growth (+8%), international sales increased by 41% y/y. The German market was characterised by a wait-and-see policy in the first half of the year following the very high gas prices in winter 22/23 and the unclear legal situation (dispute over the recently passed Building Energy Act (GEG)). Growth abroad came mainly from the rest of Europe (+55%).

**Figure 3: Domestic and foreign sales development**

All figures in €m	H1/23	H1/22	Delta
Domestic sales	83.8	77.3	8%
Foreign sales	51.7	36.7	41%
<b>Total sales</b>	<b>135.5</b>	<b>114.0</b>	<b>19%</b>

Source: First Berlin Equity Research, 2G Energy AG



**Balance sheet remains strong** Despite the decrease in cash and cash equivalents (-15% since the end of 2022) and a 68% rise in liabilities to banks to €10.6m, 2G maintained a small net cash position of €0.8m. Equity remained constant and the equity ratio narrowed slightly to a still high 49%, as total assets were 5% higher than at the beginning of the year (see figure 4).

**Figure 4: Selected balance sheet positions**

All figures in €m	H1/23A	2022A	Delta
Cash and cash equivalents	11.4	13.5	-15%
Interest bearing debt	10.6	6.3	68%
<b>Net cash position</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>-89%</b>
Equity	108.7	108.6	0%
Equity share (%)	49.1%	51.3%	-2.2 PP
<b>Balance sheet total</b>	<b>221.5</b>	<b>211.6</b>	<b>5%</b>

Source: First Berlin Equity Research, 2G Energy AG

**Significantly improved operating cash flow y/y** While operating cash flow was still clearly negative in the same period of the previous year (€-4.7m), it was already positive in the first half of the year at €0.1m. The cash outflow for investments was slightly lower y/y (€-3.7m versus €-4.3m). Financial cash flow amounted to €-3.7m and, as in the previous year, was characterised by net loan repayments (€-1.0m versus €-0.8m in H1/22) and the dividend (€-2.5m versus €-2.2m in the same period of the previous year, see figure 5).

**Figure 5: Selected cash flow positions**

All figures in €m	H1/23A	H1/22A
Operating cash flow	0.1	-4.7
CAPEX	-3.7	-4.3
Free cash flow	-3.6	-8.9
Investment cash flow	-3.7	-5.0
Financial cash flow	-3.7	-3.3
Net cash flow	-7.3	-12.9

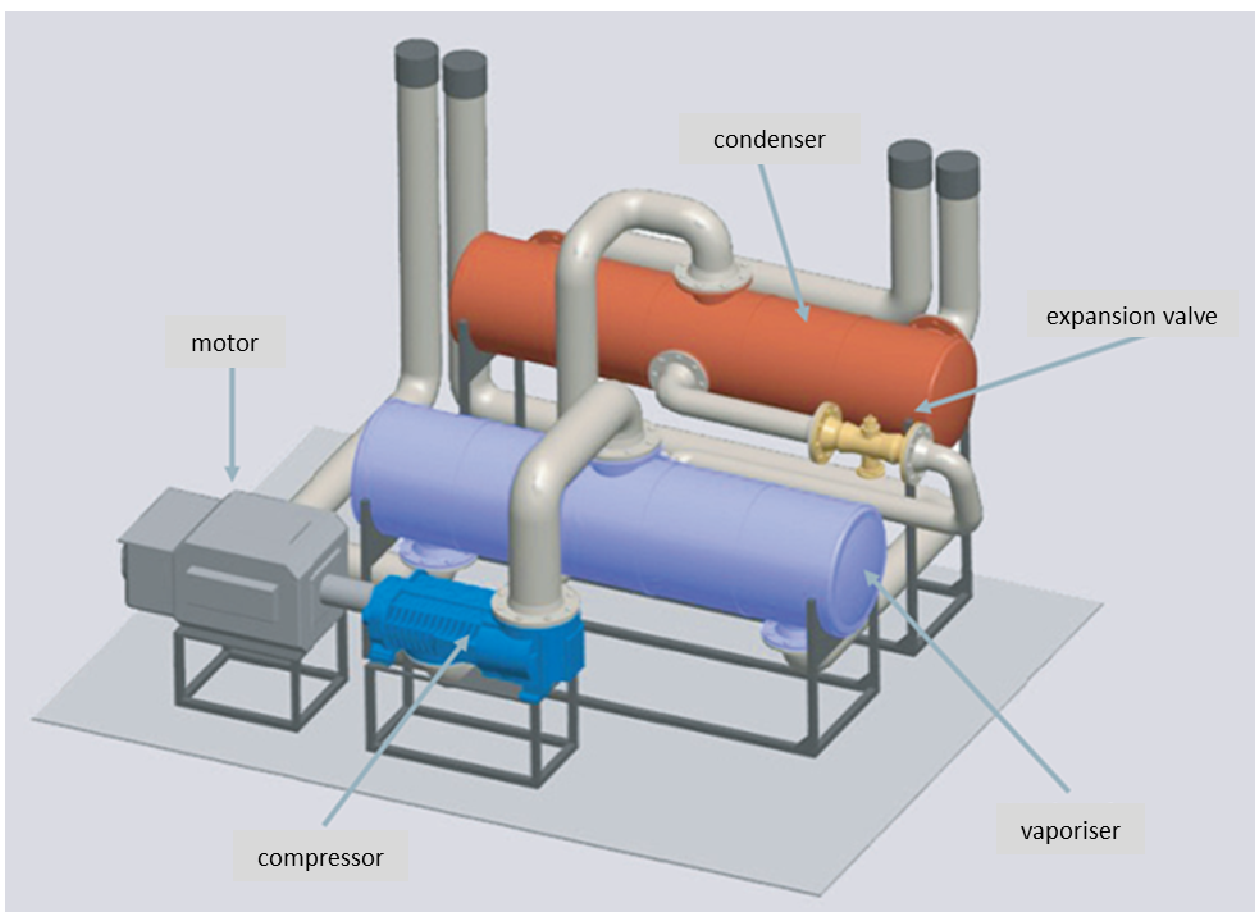
Source: First Berlin Equity Research, 2G Energy AG

**Sights set on new growth area of large heat pumps** With the acquisition of Dutch heat pump manufacturer NRGTEQ B.V. (ca. 10 employees, sales ca. €1.5 - €3.0m), founded in 2010, in August, 2G is accelerating its entry into the large heat pump business. NRGTEQ has sold over 200 large heat pumps so far, mainly in the Benelux region. For 2024, we expect heat pump sales to be in the low single-digit million euro range. 2G expects heat pump order intake next year to be between €3m and €10m. In the medium term, 2G aims to achieve similar high revenues and margins from the sale of large heat pumps as from CHP plants.

**High synergies between CHP plants and heat pumps** In R&D and product design, there are extensive synergies between the two technologies, which essentially differ only in terms of the motor (CHP) and compressor (heat pump). In procurement, 2G can predominantly rely on the same suppliers as before. The customer base is also largely the same for both products. Likewise, project planning, installation, commissioning, and digital control & monitoring are basically identical. This makes the heat pump a sensible addition to the 2G product portfolio. Furthermore, the interaction of the CHP plant and the heat pump makes it possible to create low-CO<sub>2</sub> and highly energy-efficient solutions for electricity and heat.

**How do heat pumps work?** Heat pumps use natural heat sources such as geothermal energy, water and waste heat and raise the heat to a higher temperature level using electricity to make it more usable. The amount of electricity required for this is a fraction of the heat generated. This means that the efficiency of heat pumps is well over 100%. The smaller the required temperature lift is, the greater the efficiency advantage. Temperature lift describes the difference between the temperature of the heat source used and the flow temperature generated in the heat pump, which is fed into a heat network or an industrial process, for example. The compressor is the most expensive single component of the heat pump. It significantly determines the temperature and power range as well as the efficiency. In the compressor, the pressure increase causes the rise in temperature. Large heat pumps are a proven technology, achieving the highest Technology Readiness Level (TRL) of 9. Various manufacturers offer a wide range of market-ready products. Figure 6 shows a schematic diagram of a large heat pump.

**Figure 6: Schematic representation of a large heat pump**



Source: First Berlin Equity Research, Fraunhofer IEG (2023)

**Very large market potential in Germany** Large heat pumps are a key technology for the climate-neutral operation of heating networks and the provision of industrial process heating of up to 200 °C. According to the study "Roll-out of large heat pumps" by Agora Energiewende in June 2023, large heat pumps in Germany can provide around 70% of the district heating supply by 2045 and thus replace a large proportion of natural gas. In 2023, large-scale heat pumps with a total capacity of 60 MW were installed. The German market is thus still at the beginning of its development. To achieve the climate targets by 2045, the Energiewende think tank considers an average annual addition of at least 4,000 MW to be necessary. Agora Energiewende defines heat pumps with an output of 500 kW or more as



large heat pumps; 2G includes heat pumps as of an output of at least 200 kW in their definition of the term. The ratio of electricity purchase costs to gas purchase costs is important for the profitable operation of heat pumps: the smaller this ratio is, i.e. the lower the electricity price and the higher the gas price, the more attractive the operation of heat pumps becomes. We note that the profitability of CHP plants is determined in exactly the opposite way. A CHP plant is more profitable the higher the price of electricity and the lower the price of gas. In this respect, the expansion of 2G's product range also has a risk mitigation component, as 2G is less dependent on low gas prices and high electricity prices ("spark spread"). However, the spark spread has become much less important due to rising energy prices, as CHP plants have been able to increase their profitability even as the spark spread has declined.

**Favourable entry point for 2G** 2G has chosen a favourable time of entry, as it has sufficient time to integrate the large heat pumps manufactured by NRGTEQ into the 2G production facility in Heek and to set up an industrialised production process there, as has been achieved with CHP plants in recent years. From 2025, 2G expects demand to pick up significantly. Recently the German lower house (Bundestag) adopted the Building Energy Act (note: approval by the Bundesrat is still pending!), and the cabinet passed the Heat Planning Act, which obliges large municipalities to draw up heat plans by mid-2026 (other municipalities: by mid-2028). We assume that many municipalities will start implementing the heat transition earlier and that large heat pumps will play a central role in this. Many municipal utilities ("Stadtwerke") are likely to start with smaller isolated solutions (e.g., supplying heat to a school centre, using local waste heat from industry or wastewater treatment plants). Here we see good opportunities for 2G to market its large heat pumps.

**Guidance confirmed** The executive board has reiterated sales and earnings guidance for 2023 (sales of €310m to €350m at an EBIT margin of 6.5% to 8.5%). Sales guidance for 2024 of up to €390m and EBIT margin target of 8.5% to 10.0% were also confirmed.

**Estimates for 2023 & 2024 remain unchanged** Despite the weak order intake in the current year (-31% y/y to €77.6m), the €194m orderbacklog at the end of the first half of the year remains high enough to achieve the planned growth of 10% plus inflation in the New Plant segment. By comparison, 2022 sales in the new plant business amounted to €164.5m. In July and August, new orders exceeded the respective prior year figures, and management is confident that the cumulative order intake in the third quarter of 2023 will significantly exceed the previous year's figure of €37.6m.

**Buy confirmed at slightly increased price target** We have slightly raised our medium-term forecasts. An updated DCF model yields a new price target of €34 (previously: €33). We reiterate our Buy recommendation.



## VALUATION MODEL

Figures in €m	2023E	2024E	2025E	2026E	2027E	2028E	2029E	2030E
Net sales	355.00	397.64	443.49	510.01	591.62	668.53	748.75	816.14
Growth y/y	14%	12%	12%	15%	16%	13%	12%	9%
EBIT	28.33	39.14	44.43	51.00	59.16	66.85	74.87	81.61
EBIT margin	8.0%	9.8%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%
NOPLAT	19.55	27.01	30.65	35.70	41.41	46.80	52.41	57.13
+ depreciation & amortis. (excl. GW)	5.26	5.57	5.88	7.65	8.87	10.03	11.23	12.24
= net operating cash flow	24.81	32.58	36.53	43.35	50.29	56.82	63.64	69.37
- total investments (Capex and WC)	-20.68	-16.50	-17.40	-17.42	-30.91	-30.79	-32.89	-30.44
<i>capital expenditure</i>	-7.40	-6.40	-7.40	-7.65	-8.87	-10.03	-11.23	-12.24
<i>working capital</i>	-13.28	-10.10	-10.00	-9.77	-22.03	-20.77	-21.66	-18.19
+/- others (incl. adj. on net int., provisions, etc)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
= Free cash flow (FCF)	4.13	16.08	19.13	25.93	19.38	26.03	30.75	38.93
PV of FCFs	4.04	14.39	15.67	19.43	13.28	16.33	17.65	20.44

€m	
PVs of FCFs explicit period (2023E-36E)	252.11
PVs of FCFs in terminal period	348.93
Enterprise Value (EV)	601.03
Net cash / (Net debt)	6.11
Minorities	-0.04
Shareholder value	607.10
No. of shares outstanding (m)	17.94
Fair value per share (€)	33.84

Terminal growth	3.0%
Terminal EBIT margin	10.0%

WACC	9.3%
Cost of equity	9.6%
Pre-tax cost of debt	4.0%
Normal tax rate	30.0%
After-tax cost of debt	2.8%
Share of equity	95.0%
Share of debt	5.0%
Price Target (€)	34.00

### Sensitivity analysis

WACC		Terminal EBIT margin						Fair value per share (€)
		8.5%	9.0%	9.5%	10.0%	10.5%	11.0%	
12.3%	16.58	17.97	19.36	20.76	22.15	23.54	24.93	
11.3%	19.14	20.72	22.29	23.87	25.45	27.02	28.60	
10.3%	22.46	24.27	26.08	27.90	29.71	31.52	33.34	
9.3%	26.89	29.02	31.15	33.84	35.40	37.53	39.65	
8.3%	33.10	35.66	38.22	40.78	43.34	45.90	48.46	
7.3%	42.32	45.52	48.72	51.92	55.12	58.32	61.52	
6.3%	57.30	61.53	65.77	70.00	74.23	78.46	82.69	

\* for layout purposes the model shows numbers only to 2030, but runs until 2036



## INCOME STATEMENT

All figures in €m	2020	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
<b>Revenues</b>	<b>246.7</b>	<b>266.3</b>	<b>312.6</b>	<b>355.0</b>	<b>397.6</b>	<b>443.5</b>
Change in inventories	7.4	2.6	26.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Own work	0.1	0.0	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
<b>Total output</b>	<b>254.2</b>	<b>268.9</b>	<b>338.8</b>	<b>355.2</b>	<b>397.8</b>	<b>443.7</b>
Material costs	-167.3	-171.3	-224.1	-227.9	-254.5	-286.5
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>87.0</b>	<b>97.7</b>	<b>114.7</b>	<b>127.3</b>	<b>143.4</b>	<b>157.2</b>
Personnel expenses	-44.3	-49.4	-57.0	-63.5	-65.1	-72.0
Other operating income	2.3	3.4	4.4	5.0	5.6	6.2
Other operating expenses	-24.6	-29.7	-35.3	-35.1	-39.0	-41.0
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>20.1</b>	<b>21.9</b>	<b>26.6</b>	<b>33.6</b>	<b>44.7</b>	<b>50.3</b>
Depreciation and amortisation	-3.7	-3.9	-4.7	-5.3	-5.6	-5.9
<b>Operating income (EBIT)</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>17.9</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>28.3</b>	<b>39.1</b>	<b>44.4</b>
Net financial result	-0.2	-0.2	-0.4	-0.7	-0.7	-0.7
<b>Income before taxes &amp; minority interests</b>	<b>16.3</b>	<b>17.7</b>	<b>23.5</b>	<b>27.6</b>	<b>38.4</b>	<b>43.7</b>
Other income / expenses	0.0	0.0	1.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
Income taxes	-4.3	-5.1	-7.1	-8.6	-11.9	-13.5
Minority interests	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>Net income / loss</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>26.5</b>	<b>30.2</b>
<b>EPS in €</b>	<b>0.68</b>	<b>0.77</b>	<b>0.91</b>	<b>1.06</b>	<b>1.48</b>	<b>1.68</b>
<b>Diluted EPS (in €)</b>	<b>0.68</b>	<b>0.77</b>	<b>0.91</b>	<b>1.06</b>	<b>1.48</b>	<b>1.68</b>
<b>Ratios</b>						
Gross margin (gross profit / total output)	34.2%	36.3%	33.9%	35.8%	36.0%	35.4%
EBITDA margin (EBITDA / revenue)	8.1%	8.2%	8.5%	9.5%	11.2%	11.3%
EBIT margin (EBIT / revenue)	6.7%	6.7%	7.0%	8.0%	9.8%	10.0%
Net income margin	4.9%	4.7%	5.2%	5.4%	6.7%	6.8%
Tax rate	26.5%	28.7%	30.2%	31.0%	31.0%	31.0%
<b>Expenses as % of revenues</b>						
Personnel expenses	17.9%	18.5%	18.2%	17.9%	16.4%	16.2%
Other operating expenses	10.0%	11.2%	11.3%	9.9%	9.8%	9.2%
Depreciation and amortisation	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.5%	1.4%	1.3%
<b>Y/Y growth</b>						
Revenues	4.4%	8.0%	17.4%	13.6%	12.0%	11.5%
Operating income	6.2%	9.1%	22.5%	29.1%	38.2%	13.5%
Net income / loss	16.1%	5.3%	30.0%	16.2%	39.2%	13.7%



## BALANCE SHEET

All figures in €m	2020	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
<b>Assets</b>						
<b>Current assets, total</b>	<b>119.8</b>	<b>142.6</b>	<b>179.7</b>	<b>194.2</b>	<b>218.9</b>	<b>246.5</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	11.0	19.9	13.5	14.6	26.8	41.5
Trade accounts and notes receivables	42.2	43.4	57.1	62.2	68.6	75.3
Inventories	60.8	72.2	102.6	110.9	117.0	123.2
Other current assets	5.9	7.1	6.5	6.5	6.5	6.5
<b>Non-current assets, total</b>	<b>26.7</b>	<b>27.1</b>	<b>31.9</b>	<b>34.0</b>	<b>34.9</b>	<b>35.7</b>
Property, plant and equipment	22.9	22.6	26.8	29.5	31.0	33.1
Goodwill + intangible assets	2.9	4.5	5.0	4.4	3.8	2.5
Financial assets	0.9	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>146.6</b>	<b>169.7</b>	<b>211.6</b>	<b>228.3</b>	<b>253.8</b>	<b>282.1</b>
<b>Shareholders' equity &amp; debt</b>						
<b>Liabilities, total</b>	<b>68.2</b>	<b>75.2</b>	<b>103.0</b>	<b>103.1</b>	<b>105.5</b>	<b>107.7</b>
Interest bearing debt	5.5	5.3	6.3	6.3	6.3	6.3
Trade accounts payable	10.0	11.5	20.5	20.6	23.0	25.9
Provisions	13.4	17.7	21.4	21.4	21.4	21.4
Other current liabilities	39.4	40.7	54.7	54.7	54.7	54.0
<b>Shareholders equity, total</b>	<b>78.3</b>	<b>94.5</b>	<b>108.6</b>	<b>125.2</b>	<b>148.3</b>	<b>174.4</b>
Share capital*	4.4	4.5	17.9	17.9	17.9	17.9
Capital reserve	11.2	16.4	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Losses carried forward / retained earnings	63.7	74.3	88.5	105.0	128.1	154.3
Other reserves	-1.0	-0.7	-0.7	-0.6	-0.6	-0.7
Minority interests	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>Total consolidated equity and debt</b>	<b>146.6</b>	<b>169.7</b>	<b>211.6</b>	<b>228.3</b>	<b>253.8</b>	<b>282.1</b>
*2022: share split						
<b>Ratios</b>						
Current ratio (x)	2.4	2.6	2.3	2.5	2.7	3.0
Equity ratio (as %)	53.4%	55.7%	51.3%	54.9%	58.4%	61.8%
Net gearing (as %)	-7.1%	-15.5%	-6.6%	-6.6%	-13.8%	-20.1%
Equity per share (in €)	17.7	21.1	6.1	7.0	8.3	9.7
Net debt	-5.6	-14.6	-7.1	-8.3	-20.4	-35.1
Interest coverage ratio (x)	89	87	72	39	54	61
Av. working capital/sales	24.5%	25.4%	26.7%	28.5%	28.4%	27.7%
Return on equity (ROE)	15.3%	13.3%	15.1%	15.2%	17.9%	17.3%
Return on capital employed (ROCE)	17.2%	16.7%	17.3%	19.6%	23.8%	23.5%
Days of inventory turnover	90	99	120	114	107	101
Days sales outstanding (DSO)	62	59	67	64	63	62
Days payables outstanding (DPO)	22	24	33	33	33	33





## CASH FLOW STATEMENT

All figures in €m	2020	2021	2022	2023E	2024E	2025E
<b>Net income</b>	<b>12.0</b>	<b>12.6</b>	<b>16.4</b>	<b>19.0</b>	<b>26.5</b>	<b>30.2</b>
+ Depreciation and amortisation	3.7	3.9	4.7	5.3	5.6	5.9
- Investment in working capital	-5.6	-6.4	-21.7	-13.3	-10.1	-10.0
+/- Others (prov., non cash expenses, interest, etc.)	-0.3	-1.3	5.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>Operating cash flow</b>	<b>9.8</b>	<b>8.9</b>	<b>5.0</b>	<b>11.0</b>	<b>22.0</b>	<b>26.0</b>
- CAPEX	-2.7	-4.9	-9.4	-7.4	-6.4	-7.4
<b>Free cash flow</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>-4.4</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>15.6</b>	<b>18.6</b>
Acquisitions	0.0	-1.2	-0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
Financial investments	0.2	0.9	-0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0
Disposals	0.4	3.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>Investment cash flow</b>	<b>-2.1</b>	<b>-1.8</b>	<b>-9.7</b>	<b>-7.4</b>	<b>-6.4</b>	<b>-7.4</b>
Change in financial liabilities	-5.0	-1.3	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Dividends paid	-2.0	-2.0	-2.2	-2.5	-3.4	-3.9
Purchase of own shares	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Capital measures	0.0	5.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Others	-0.4	-0.3	-0.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
<b>Financial cash flow</b>	<b>-7.4</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>-1.6</b>	<b>-2.5</b>	<b>-3.4</b>	<b>-3.9</b>
<b>Change in cash</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>8.6</b>	<b>-6.4</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>14.7</b>
Exchange rate-related changes	0.1	0.1	-0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cash, start of the year	10.0	10.5	19.7	13.3	14.6	26.8
<b>Cash, end of the year</b>	<b>10.5</b>	<b>19.7</b>	<b>13.3</b>	<b>14.6</b>	<b>26.8</b>	<b>41.5</b>
<b>Free cash flow per share in €</b>	<b>1.60</b>	<b>0.89</b>	<b>-0.24</b>	<b>0.20</b>	<b>0.87</b>	<b>1.04</b>
<b>Y/Y growth</b>						
Operating cash flow	-	-9.6%	-43.8%	121.5%	99.3%	18.4%
Free cash flow	-	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	329.3%	19.6%
Financial cash flow	-	n.a.	n.a.	55.5%	35.7%	15.8%
Free cash flow per share	-	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	329.3%	19.6%

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Category		1	2
Current market capitalisation (in €)		0 - 2 billion	> 2 billion
Strong Buy <sup>1</sup>	An expected favourable price trend of:	> 50%	> 30%
Buy	An expected favourable price trend of:	> 25%	> 15%
Add	An expected favourable price trend of:	0% to 25%	0% to 15%
Reduce	An expected negative price trend of:	0% to -15%	0% to -10%
Sell	An expected negative price trend of:	< -15%	< -10%

<sup>1</sup> The expected price trend is in combination with sizable confidence in the quality and forecast security of management.

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Report No.:	Date of publication	Previous day closing price	Recommendation	Price target
Initial Report	26 November 2010	€3.30	Buy	€4.50
2...82	↓	↓	↓	↓
83	6 September 2022	€23.80	Buy	€31.00
84	21 October 2022	€21.65	Buy	€31.00
85	21 November 2022	€23.55	Buy	€31.00
86	24 February 2023	€22.50	Buy	€31.00
87	3 April 2023	€23.05	Buy	€31.00
88	28 April 2023	€24.70	Buy	€32.00
89	2 June 2023	€28.80	Add	€33.00
90	24 August 2023	€22.45	Buy	€33.00
91	Today	€25.00	Buy	€34.00

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